

20. Choose the correct option that has significantly contributed to the process of **Globalization**. [1]
- a) Achievements of the United Nations b) Advancement of technology
c) Security threats d) Fear of war
21. The World Social Forum brings together a wide coalition of _____. [1]
- a) Multi-national Cooperations b) Military Blocks
c) Regional organizations d) Human Rights activists and Environmentalists
22. Removing barriers or restrictions set by the government is what is known as _____. [1]
- a) liberalisation b) expansion
c) globalization d) regeneration
23. In which city the first World Social Forum meeting was organized in 2001? [1]
- a) Porto Alegre b) Mumbai
c) Kaula Lumpur d) Nairobi
24. Globalisation began in [1]
- a) 1991 b) 1993
c) 1992 d) 1990
25. Which one of the following is a right cause of globalization? [1]
- a) The U.S. people initiated globalization. b) Technology led to globalization.
c) The Cold War led to globalization. d) The policy of Non-alignment led to globalization.
26. Which of the following institutions play a role in determining economic policies across the world? [1]
- a) The EU and the WTO b) UNO and the WTO
c) The IMF and the WTO d) The ASEAN and the IMF
27. Which one of the following is the main cause of Globalisation? [1]
- a) The formation of United Nations b) The development of new technology
c) The establishment of the World Bank d) The rise of economy in India and China
28. India has felt the impact of globalization through increased prosperity, partly triggered by increasing trade volumes, investment, and: [1]
- a) weapons b) hatred
c) growth d) terrorism
29. According to the rightist view in India, globalisation tends to [1]
- a) Reduces political party competition b) Benefits the weaker section of the society
c) Weakens the State d) Divides the State into rich and poor
30. Which of the following statements come under resistance to globalization in India? [1]
- a) The increasing role of international b) The availability of foreign TV channels

institutions in domestic affairs

- c) The entry of the call centre jobs in the metropolitan
d) The protectionism of developed countries

31. Which among the following are the political consequences of Globalisation? [1]
- a) Erosion of rich cultural heritage
b) Political Mobilisation
c) Erosion of state capacity
d) Trade deficit among developed and developing countries
32. The positive aspects of globalization are its capacity to increase our _____. [1]
- a) Cultural heritage
b) Choices
c) Homogenisation
d) Heterogenization
33. The first WSF meeting was organized in -The earth summit was held in [1]
- a) Delhi in 2004
b) Mumbai in 2004
c) Porto Alerge in 2001
d) Paris in 2001
34. Privatization and liberalisation are two elements of the _____. [1]
- a) Globalisation
b) Socialism
c) Communism
d) Marxism
35. Which of the following statements is TRUE about globalisation? [1]
- a) Globalisation is economic growth.
b) Globalisation is a multidimensional phenomenon.
c) Globalisation is westernisation.
d) Globalisation is industrialisation.
36. Which of the following are concerns in the impact of economic globalization? [1]
- a) Re-colonisation of the weaker countries
b) Erosion of a state sovereignty
c) The need for a social safety net
d) Forced economic globalization
37. Globalization has led to the flow of ideas across [1]
- a) Different planets
b) Political parties
c) State
d) National boundaries
38. When did the government remove the barriers for investment in India? [1]
- a) 1992
b) 1991
c) 1993
d) 1990
39. The seventh WSF meeting was held in [1]
- a) Delhi, January 2007
b) Islamabad, January 2007
c) Nairobi, January 2007
d) New York, January 2007
40. Which category of countries has carefully guarded their borders with visa policies to have job security for their own citizens? [1]
- a) NIEO countries
b) The developed countries

66. Do you agree with the argument that globalisation leads to cultural heterogeneity? [6]
67. Evaluate any three effects of globalisation on the role of state in developing countries. [6]
68. Evaluate the cultural consequences of globalization. [6]
69. How has globalisation impacted India and how is India impacting globalisation? [6]
70. What is meant by globalisation? Highlight any of its two good and two bad aspects. [6]
71. Explain globalisation. How has technology contributed in promoting globalisation? [6]
72. How do critics view Globalization in India? [6]
73. Explain the positive and negative impacts of globalisation on the present day world. [6]
74. Suggest any four steps that the Government of India should immediately take to popularise the Indian culture at the global level. [6]
75. Describe the criticism of globalisation that has been generated all over the globe. [6]